Session Objectives

- Review OPPE/FPPE requirements and Midas+ solution contributions
- Consider commonly used metrics/data and specific data pertinent to Peer Group privileges/responsibilities
- Identify Midas+ sources of metrics/data
- Experience Statit Profile Configuration and reviewing processes
OPPE Requirements

- Driven by regulatory agencies
- Review to include clinical and administrative metrics
- Required occurrence of “regular”/ “on-going”
- Medical staff – charged with determining Indicators and establishing related policies
- All medical providers with privileges must be reviewed

Common Metrics

- ALOS/GMLOS (risk adjusted)
- Mortality Rate (risk adjusted)
- Committee Attendance
- Patient Complaints
- Cost Indicators
- CDI Indicators
- HAI/HAC Indicators
- Readmission Indicators (risk adjusted)
- Core Measure Indicators
Specific Metrics (Examples)

- Blood Usage Indicators
- SSI Indicators
- Sedation Indicators
- OB: C-Section & VBAC Rates, Inductions < 39 Wks
- Transplant: Early Rejection (6 mo) of Transplanted Organ, Documentation of ABO Verification
- Endocrinology: HbA1C < 8.0 in Diabetic Pts, Rate of DKA
- GI: Endoscopy Adverse Events, UC Surveillance Recommended at Proper Intervals
- Cardio: Use of Aspirin/Other Antithrombotic, Median Time to EKG
- Nephrology: Diagnosis of CKD, Treatment of Uremia

Midas+ Solutions’ Role in Provider Profiling

DataVision/CPMS:
- Core Measure Indicators
- Risk-adjusted Indicators
- Physician Profiles (Medical, Peer Review, Quality, Surgical)

Care Management:
Provider-attributed Indicators from:
- HCM (inc. CDI)
- Quality
- CCM
- IC
- Encounter (inc. ER)
- Focus Study
Statit PPR: Profiling and Reviewing

- Use DATA from across your network to develop Profiles (collections of Indicators) for Peer Groups
- Establish review schedule
- Identify reviewer(s) for each Profile
- Support review outcome escalations

Thank you for attending.
Any questions?

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